

BOATING INFRASTRUCTURE GRANTS

Fish and Wildlife Service, Wildlife and Sport Fish Restoration Program



DISTRIBUTION METHOD

Tier 1-State:

Provides up to \$200,000 per year to each state

Tier 2-National:

Nationwide funding based on set ranking criteria

Governing Guidance

- Sport Fishing and Boating Safety Act of 1998 (Enabling Legislation)
- 2 CFR 200
- 50 CFR 86

ELIGIBLE GRANTEES: GOVERNOR DESIGNATED AGENCIES OF STATES AND TERRITORIES

Purpose

Provide grants to States and Territories to construct, renovate, or maintain tie-up facilities for transient recreational vessels twenty-six feet or more in length

ELIGIBLE PROJECTS

- Construction, renovation, and maintenance of boating infrastructure tie-up facilities solely for transient recreational vessels twenty six feet or more in length
- Produce information and education materials specific to BIG or BIG-funded projects (i.e. charts, cruising guides, and brochures)

SOURCE OF FUNDS

Four percent of the amount in Sport Fish Restoration & Boating Trust Fund (shared with Clean Vessel Act grants).

Includes Revenues from:

- Excise taxes on sport fishing equipment and electric motors
- Import duties on fishing tackle, yachts, and pleasure craft
- Portion of gasoline tax attributable to motorboats and small engines
- Interest earned on Trust Fund

MATCHING REQUIREMENTS AND LIMITATIONS ON AVAILABILITY OF FUNDS

- Requires minimum of 25% non-federal cost-sharing/matching funds; federal share not to exceed 75% total costs.
- Funds not obligated within three years are reverted and are made available to the U.S. Coast Guard for Boating Safety.
- Maximum amount of federal share for Tier 2-National is \$1,500,000.
- Funds are available from time of obligation until the award closure. Unspent funds are returned to be awarded in addition to new funds in the subsequent year.

SPECIAL CONDITIONS OR REQUIREMENTS

- * Facilities constructed, operated, or maintained with grant funds must offer reasonable access for all transient recreational vessels for the full period of their useful life.
- * Facilities must be open to the public during reasonable time periods.
- * Entities may charge fees. Fees must be comparable to the prevailing rate in the area.
- * New construction and renovations must be designed to last throughout its useful life.